## ARTS TEACHER DEVELOPMENT AND EVALUATION: WHAT TO LOOK FOR IN VISUAL ARTS

Aligned to Minnesota Performance Standards for Teacher Practice

This is one in a set of five "What to Look For..." resources to support arts teacher development and evaluation. These five resources are similar, but each is specific to one arts area—Dance, Media Arts, Music, Theater, or Visual Arts.

The purpose of this resource is to help visual arts educators communicate about teaching and learning in their classrooms with peers, instructional coaches, administrators, and others who may not have a background in visual arts or the arts. Examples given are intended to help everyone connect understanding between visual arts-specific practices and the vocabulary of general education.

Conversations between visual arts educators and others often take place within the Teacher Development and Evaluation (TDE) process. This resource will fit right in because it is based on the work of Charlotte Danielson and aligned to the Minnesota Teacher Development and Evaluation State Model:

Domain 1: Planning and preparation

Domain 3: Classroom instruction

Domain 4: Professionalism

Your district may use a different TDE model, even so, this resource can still help you discuss teaching and learning in your visual arts classroom. What might an observer "look for" in a visual arts classroom as evidence of quality instruction that is rigorous, relevant, and focused on the artistic processes?

Consider using this resource in various ways:

- At your desk, planning for a lesson or observation
- In a pre-observation conference to discuss examples of evidence with your observer
- For an observer to reference during an observation, most likely focusing on Domains 2 and/or 3
- In a post-observation conference to discuss examples of evidence in the lesson
- In reflection, as a framework for building a professional portfolio

This resource has many examples, which are just that—examples. These examples should not be taken as requirements or an all-inclusive list, nor should the goal be to check as many boxes as possible. There are various ways to be able to describe visual arts-specific teaching and learning to others who may not have background in visual arts but are interested in a deeper understanding.

Thank you to the many people who have contributed to this work!

• The team of Minnesota visual arts educators who developed this practical resource:

Jolanda Dranchak – Arts Coordinator, Anoka-Hennepin School District and Faculty, Boston University Pat Fair – Teacher, Robbinsdale Area Schools

Calvin Keasling - Principal, Bloomington Public Schools

Jennifer Olson - Teacher, Rochester Public Schools

Alicia Peters - Faculty, College of Saint Benedict and Saint John's University

Diane Scully – Teacher, Columbia Heights Public Schools

Molly Wiste - Teacher, Pequot Lakes Public Schools

Jeremy Holien, Team Leader – State Arts Education Specialist, Perpich Center For Arts Education

- Tyler Livingston, Minnesota Department of Education, Director of School Support and Teacher Development and Evaluation, for understanding the need and opportunity to connect conversations between arts educators and evaluators.
- Karol Gates, Colorado Department of Education, Director of the Office of Standards and Instructional Support for sharing the <u>Colorado State Model Educator Evaluation System: Practical Ideas for</u> <u>Evaluating Teachers of The Arts (Dance, Drama and Theatre Arts, Music and Visual Arts).</u>
- Americans for the Arts for making this work possible through the State Policy Pilot Project (SP3) grant.

Pam Paulson, PhD, SP3 Project Director Senior Director of Policy Perpich Center for Arts Education Wendy Barden, PhD, Project Facilitator Consultant Segue Consulting Partners

# PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FROM MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION TEACHER PRACTICE RUBRIC

### **DOMAIN 1: PLANNING AND PREPARATION.** The teacher develops an effective instructional sequence.

Ind	eat will you teach? licator 1A: ALIGNS LEARNING TARGET:	S WITH STANDARDS AND STUDENT DATA TO INFORM PLANNING.
i.	PLANS UNITS AND LESSONS EFFECTIVELY	Planning is thorough, consistent; builds on prior knowledge and experience
ii.	SELECTS LEARNING TARGETS AND ACTIVITIES	Learning targets are stated in terms of student learning; aligned with learning activities; connect to Minnesota Standards; show different types of learning; Learning activities have variety of opportunities
iii.	APPLIES CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING OF HOW STUDENTS LEARN	Teacher shows expertise in content and how students learn; anticipates student misconceptions; plans ways for students to assume responsibility
iv.	USES STUDENT DATA TO INFORM PLANNING	Learning targets and lesson design informed by data
	licator 1B: USES CONTENT, RESOURCE  DESIGNS COHERENT INSTRUCTION	S AND STUDENT KNOWLEDGE TO DESIGN COHERENT INSTRUCTION.  Strategies/activities are well organized, support learning targets; student construction of
i.	DESIGNS COHERENT INSTRUCTION	knowledge; instructional grouping
ii.	CREATES INTERDISCIPLINARY AND EXTENDED LEARNING EXPERIENCES	Connects to other subjects, integrates technology, reading, writing, and/or math; extends learning to other subjects and community life
iii.	USES AVAILABLE RESOURCES AND TECHNOLOGY	Variety and depth of resources; technology used to increase engagement and learning
iv.	DESIGNS CULTURALLY RELEVANT INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES	Activities and strategies are informed by students' skills, interests, cultural backgrounds, language proficiency, exceptionalities
	w will you know if students learned what yo	ou tought?
	licator 1C: PLANS FOR ASSESSMENT A	

## **DOMAIN 2: CLASSROOM ENVIRONMENT.** The teacher creates and implements a physical and interpersonal classroom environment that supports student learning.

	w does your classroom promote a culture o licator 2A: CREATES A RESPECTFUL CL	f learning?  ASSROOM CULTURE OF TRUST, SAFETY AND HIGH EXPECTATIONS.
i.	CREATES A SAFE LEARNING ENVIRONMENT	Physical environment and classroom culture support positive social and personal skills; Develop positive teacher-student relationships
ii.	ESTABLISHES A CULTURE OF LEARNING	Engagement in complex cognitive tasks shows enthusiasm and effort; Students construct own knowledge; High expectations for all
iii.	CREATES A CULTURE OF PERSISTENCE	Students and teacher take responsibility for achieving learning targets; Support so students persevere
Ind	w do you manage your classroom? licator 2B: ESTABLISHES AND MAINTAII NAGEMENT.	NS CLEAR EXPECTATIONS FOR CLASSROOM AND BEHAVIOR
i.	ESTABLISHES AND MAINTAINS CLASSROOM ROUTINES AND PROCEDURES	Teacher and students set clear expectations for procedures, transitions, time on task
ii.	MONITORS AND PROVIDES FEEDBACK ON STUDENT BEHAVIOR	Behavior feedback is constructive and timely; Positive behavior is acknowledged; Approaches to behavior are preventative, respectful to individual needs; Student responsibility for monitoring their own and peers' behavior

**DOMAIN 3: CLASSROOM INSTRUCTION.** The teacher engages students in learning and utilizes instructional strategies that help students understand content.

11-		
	w do you communicate content to students:	/ TARGETS AND CONTENT CLEARLY AND EFFECTIVELY.
IIIu	icator SA. COMMONICATES LEARNING	TARGETS AND CONTENT CLEARLT AND EFFECTIVELT.
i.	USES CONTENT KNOWLEDGE TO PROMOTE LEARNING	Emphasizes use and acquisition of concepts and skills, connections to other content and interdisciplinary learning; Content knowledge is culturally and contextually relevant and contributes to understanding and engagement; Appropriate use of arts-specific vocabulary
ii.	COMMUNICATES LEARNING TARGETS AND CONTENT	Explanations are creative and connected to prior knowledge; Students explain content to peers; Directions are clear; Students may develop procedures when appropriate
		s and promote their ownership of learning? D DISCUSSIONS THAT PROMOTE HIGH COGNITIVE ENGAGEMENT.
i.	USES INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES TO ENGAGE STUDENTS IN LEARNING	Instructional strategies engage students in rigorous and relevant learning, higher level thinking, inquiry; Provide options and choice; Differentiation in instruction and activities; Multiple opportunities to practice, apply, show learning
ii.	USES QUESTIONING AND DISCUSSION TECHNIQUES	Range of questions; Discussions elicit evidence of cognitive engagement; Addresses mistakes; All students accountable to answer questions; Fosters discussions where students initiate, participate, lead
iii.	USES APPROPRIATE PACING AND STRUCTURE	Lesson structure and pacing support lesson goals; Opportunities for engagement and reflection; All have opportunities to experience success throughout lesson
	w do you utilize student data to advance ea icator 3C: USES VARIED ASSESSMENT	ch student's learning? TECHNIQUES TO ADVANCE STUDENT LEARNING.
i.	USES FORMATIVE ASSESSMENTS TO INFORM INSTRUCTION	Uses formative assessment to monitor learning and adjust instruction
ii.	PROVIDES FEEDBACK TO ADVANCE LEARNING	Teacher feedback is timely and promotes higher level thinking; Peer feedback promotes learning
iii.	PROMOTES STUDENT SELF-ASSESSMENT	Students monitor own work against established norms; Opportunities for ongoing revisions

## **DOMAIN 4: PROFESSIONALISM.** The teacher participates in on-going professional development activities and collaboration with colleagues and families to advance learning for teachers and students.

	w do you reflect on your teaching? licator 4A: REFLECTS ON TEACHING PR	ACTICE.
i.	USES SELF-REFLECTION TO IMPROVE INSTRUCTION	Assesses own effectiveness using student data; Identifies areas of strength, areas for growth
ii.	USES FEEDBACK TO IMPROVE INSTRUCTION	Seeks feedback from colleagues, administration, families, students, professional literature
iii.	PLANS FOR PROFESSIONAL GROWTH	Uses reflection and feedback to plan and implement action plan in professional growth
Ho Ind	w do you continue to improve your practice icator 4B: ENGAGES IN PROFESSIONAL	? L DEVELOPMENT.
i.	PARTICIPATES IN PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT	Engages in relevant professional learning that results in increased achievement
ii.	COLLABORATES WITH COLLEAGUES REGARDING STUDENT LEARNING	Collaborates to increase learning;: analyze data, set goals, design common assessments, analyze work
iii.	CONTRIBUTES TO SCHOOL AND DISTRICT CULTURE OF LEARNING	Contributes to school, district, community culture of learning
	w do you conduct yourself as a professiona icator 4C: MAINTAINS PROFESSIONAL	/? RESPONSIBILITIES AND COMMUNICATES WITH FAMILIES.
i.	ADHERES TO STANDARDS OF ETHICAL CONDUCT	Models high standards of professional ethical conduct
ii.	MAINTAINS ACCURATE RECORDS	Record system is accurate, complete, timely, and consistent
iii.	COMPLETES TASKS IN AN ORGANIZED AND EFFICIENT MANNER	Required and/or routine tasks completed in efficient, organized way
iv.	COMMUNICATES WITH FAMILIES	Initiates positive, appropriate, 2-way interaction with families
V.	UNDERSTANDS THE CULTURAL AND LINGUISTIC BACKGROUNDS OF STUDENTS, THEIR FAMILIES AND THE COMMUNITY	Seeks/leads experiences to understand students' home language and culture, adapts instruction based on this

### **DOMAIN 1: PLANNING AND PREPARATION.** The teacher develops an effective instructional sequence.

What will you teach? Indicator 1A: ALIGNS LEARNING TARGETS WITH STANDARDS AND STUDENT DATA TO INFORM PLANNING.						
<ul> <li>i. PLANS UNITS AND LESSONS EFFECTIVELY: Planning is thorough, consistent; Builds on prior knowledge and experience</li> </ul>						
Teacher evidence could include various elements from artifacts and conversations, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Lesson plan template is used  Lesson plan archive is detailed and up-to-date  Planning articulates how this lesson fits into the bigger picture  Planning references prior learning  Planning addresses differentiation of levels of student abilities or accommodations  Planning references district visual arts curriculum map  Planning articulates school, district, state, national visual arts standards and/or district goals  Planning displays and/or discusses Student Learning Outcomes using visual art vocabulary						
Comments:						

What will you teach?

Indicator 1A: ALIGNS LEARNING TARGETS WITH STANDARDS AND STUDENT DATA TO INFORM PLANNING.

ii. SELECTS LEARNING TARGETS AND ACTIVITIES: Learning targets are stated in terms of student

Learning activities have a variety of opportunities
Teacher evidence could include various elements from artifacts and conversations, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Learning targets are based on school, district, state, or national visual arts standards, and focused in artistic process: create, present, respond, connect  Lesson plan has learning targets that are written with age appropriate visual arts vocabulary  Planning includes selecting appropriate content and tasks aligned to the learning target  Learning activities include a variety of opportunities for students  Planning shows variety in visual arts mediums and techniques studied, including current and historic trends in visual arts  Planning identifies exemplars to illustrate mastery of the visual arts form or skill  Planning scaffolds lessons to allow for differentiation and a progression of challenge within the artistic process
Comments:
What will you teach? Indicator 1A: ALIGNS LEARNING TARGETS WITH STANDARDS AND STUDENT DATA TO INFORM
PLANNING.
PLANNING.      iii. APPLIES CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING OF HOW STUDENTS LEARN: Teacher shows expertise in content and how students learn; Anticipates student misconceptions; Plans ways for students to assume responsibility
iii. APPLIES CONTENT KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING OF HOW STUDENTS LEARN: Teacher shows expertise in content and how students learn; Anticipates student misconceptions; Plans ways for

What will you teach?

Indicator 1A: ALIGNS LEARNING TARGETS WITH STANDARDS AND STUDENT DATA TO INFORM PLANNING.

# iv. USES STUDENT DATA TO INFORM PLANNING: Learning targets and lesson design informed by data Teacher evidence could include various elements from artifacts and conversations, and today the checked

state	ment(s) apply:
	Planning uses school data such as student demographics, standardized assessments, and/or special
	education data to inform pedagogical choices and curriculum development
	Planning is informed by student data collected in previous lessons such as pre-assessments, formative
	assessments, sketchbooks, journals, or <u>exit slips</u>
	Planning is informed by student interest
	Planning is informed by students' reflection on their own artwork and that of others
	Planning is informed by student work documented throughout the school year in an art portfolio or archive
	Planning includes intention to use formative assessment specific to visual arts such as asking students to
	describe, contrast, analyze, or judge an artwork

Comments:

How will you teach the lesson?

Indicator 1B: USES CONTENT, RESOURCES AND STUDENT KNOWLEDGE TO DESIGN COHERENT INSTRUCTION.

i. **DESIGNS COHERENT INSTRUCTION:** Strategies/activities are well organized and support learning targets; Student construction of knowledge; Instructional grouping

Teacher evidence could include various elements from artifacts and conversations, and today the checked statement(s) apply:

$\sqcup$	Piani	ıırıg	III	ciudes	s iea	arnıng	largeis	W	11116	311	WIL	n age	app	горпаце	an	u <u>v</u>	isua	arts	-sp	ecilic	vocabula	Гy
			_				_	_			_											-

Planning includes selecting appropriate tasks and skills aligned to the learning target

Planning scaffolds lessons to allow for differentiation and a progression of challenge within the artistic process: create, present, respond, connect

☐ Planning includes strategies and activities that are student-centered, supporting inquiry and construction of new artistic knowledge

☐ Planning includes assignments and activities that will allow students to make choices

Comments:

How will you teach the lesson?

Indicator 1B: USES CONTENT, RESOURCES AND STUDENT KNOWLEDGE TO DESIGN COHERENT INSTRUCTION.

**ii. CREATES INTERDISCIPLINARY AND EXTENDED LEARNING EXPERIENCES:** Connects to other subjects, integrates technology, reading, writing, and/or math; Extends learning to other subjects and community life

Teacher evidence could include various elements from artifacts and conversations, and today the checked statement(s) apply:					
	Planning includes vocabulary and/or concepts from non-arts disciplines				
	Planning includes visual arts-specific literacy activities such as prompts for <u>reflections</u> , journaling, critical responses, or <u>artist statements</u>				
	Planning incorporates the historical or cultural context of the art				
	Planning incorporates use of technology such as in multi-disciplinary projects				
	Planning recognizes the connection between art forms				
	Planning reflects visual arts exemplars and experiences that are culturally relevant and meaningful for students				
	Planning includes collaboration with teachers in other subjects or professionals outside of the school				
	Planning demonstrates a variety of ways visual art can be used to share personal voice				
	Planning recognizes the role of arts in society, history, and culture				
	Planning recognizes partnerships that bring in guest artists and/or facilitate visual art experiences in community venues				
	Planning identifies ways the learning target can extend to student engagement with visual arts outside of the classroom such as model development, illustration, visual mapping, visual journaling, problem solving and logic that requires an understanding of spatial relationships				
	Planning provides opportunities to showcase student work in community exhibits				
Comr	ments:				

How will you teach the lesson?

Indicator 1B: USES CONTENT, RESOURCES AND STUDENT KNOWLEDGE TO DESIGN COHERENT INSTRUCTION.

**iii. USES AVAILABLE RESOURCES AND TECHNOLOGY:** Variety and depth of resources; Technology to increase engagement and learning

Teacher evidence could include various elements from artifacts and conversations, and today the checked statement(s) apply:						
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	respectfully portray various social, cultural, and historical et					
	examples drawing from diverse historical, contemporary art, and backgrounds, including those represented in the school					
<ul> <li>Planning recognizes community partnership universities and colleges, and online gallerie</li> </ul>	s that support student learning such as art museums, galleries, es and student visual art contests					
☐ Planning includes organization of tools and	appropriate materials					
☐ Planning incorporates appropriate technolog	by for demonstration, reinforcement, or student engagement					
board, apps, internet-based grading system	as internet, video camera, cell phones iPads/tablets, SMART, class and personal websites, and/or online learning may collaborate, monitor and share their work					
Comments:						

How will you teach the lesson?

Indicator 1B: USES CONTENT, RESOURCES AND STUDENT KNOWLEDGE TO DESIGN COHERENT INSTRUCTION.

iv. DESIGNS CULTURALLY RELEVANT INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES: Activities and strategies informed by students' skills, interests, cultural backgrounds, language proficiency, exceptionalities

Teacher evidence could include various elements from artifacts and conversations, and today the checked statement(s) apply:					
	Planning includes activities to develop student-to-student and teacher-to-student relationships fundamental to engaging in visual arts				
	Planning of instructional strategies focuses on student assets and backgrounds, and is informed by student needs and differences				
	Planning shows intent to encourage and develop each student's personal artistic voice				
	Planning is informed by student interests in popular culture and relevant community issues				
	Planning incorporates visual art from multiple communities, genres, styles, perspectives, and geographic locations				
	Planning utilizes students or community members to assist with the understanding of cultural practices related to artistic process: create, present, respond, connect				
	Planning includes activities to engage students in respectful portrayal of cultures or characters				
	Planning shows intent to avoid "essentializing" or "otherizing" communities in the classroom				
	Planning includes activities for students to discuss or critically analyze systems of power in visual arts, the classroom, the school, district and/or society				
	Planning shows encouragement of all students to create visual art works to the best of their ability				
Con	nments:				

How will you know if students learned what you taught?
Indicator 1C: PLANS FOR ASSESSMENT AND DIFFERENTIATION.

i. PLANS FORMATIVE AND SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENTS: Formative and/or summative assessment on learning targets; Formative helps determine next steps in instruction; Self- and peer-assessment against exemplars/criteria; Student-developed criteria

	cher evidence could include various elements from artifacts and conversations, and today the checked ement(s) apply:
	Planning shows formative and/or summative assessment strategies that are aligned to learning targets such
	as brainstorming, sketches, and Studio Thinking
Ш	Planning shows intention of teacher feedback to the full class, small groups, and/or individuals during art- making
	Planning shows intention of peer-to-peer feedback
	Planning includes opportunities for students to develop criteria for evaluating their artwork
	Planning includes use of protocols to frame group discussions and feedback such as <u>Critical Response</u> , Descriptive Review, or Tuning Protocol
	Planning incorporates rubrics that are aligned with learning targets, and used as tools for self-assessment,
	peer-assessment, and/or formative and summative assessment
	Planning includes use of multimedia resources to collect student work for portfolios
	Planning incorporates student <u>reflection</u> on their own creative process through verbal and/or journaling activities
П	Planning shows opportunities to assist students in setting individual goals related to artistic process: create,
_	present, respond, connect
Con	nments:

How will you know if students learned what you taught?

Indicator 1C: PLANS FOR ASSESSMENT AND DIFFERENTIATION.

**ii. PLANS FOR DIFFERENTIATION:** Differentiation based on student data; Considers learning experience, content, process, product

	content, process, product			
Tead	cher evidence could include various elements, and in today's conversation the checked statement(s) apply: Planning shows awareness of student IEPs and 504 plans and necessary accommodations Planning for differentiation is based on formative assessment data in the arts and knowledge of students' needs, interests, and preferred learning styles			
	Planning recognizes there are multiple paths to achieving the learning targets and solving problems when creating art			
	Planning adjusts curriculum or makes modifications to meet varying student levels such as:  • Adjusting lessons based on previous student artwork			
	Adjusting time needed to complete artwork			
	Adjusting the rubric to include different skill levels to achieve proficiency			
	Adjusting the use of tools and manipulatives			
	Planning shows intention of providing one-to-one instruction, as needed			
	Planning scaffolds lessons to allow for differentiation and a progression of challenge within the artistic			
	process: create, present, respond, connect			
	Planning includes resources to support various learning styles and needs such as:			
	Images used as instruction			
	A hard copy of notes and/or vocabulary			
	Utilizing a class website			
	Recorded technical or artistic instructions			
	Resources or materials to sketch and explore initial ideas			
Comments:				

**DOMAIN 2: CLASSROOM ENVIRONMENT.** The teacher creates and implements a physical and interpersonal classroom environment that supports student learning.

How does your classroom promote a culture of learning?

Indicator 2A: CREATES A RESPECTFUL CLASSROOM CULTURE OF TRUST, SAFETY AND HIGH EXPECTATIONS.

<ul> <li>i. CREATE A SAFE LEARNING ENVIRONMENT: Physical environments positive social and personal skills; Develop positive teacher-student</li> </ul>	
Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Maintains a physical space conducive to learning in visual arts—one that is clean, with appropriate chemical safety and material storage, adequate ventilation, and free of obstructions to prevent injuries or illness  Nurtures positive relationships with all students in a variety of ways such as:  Greeting students at the door  Knowing student names and pronouncing them correctly  Acknowledging personal interests or information to develop rapport  Incorporating arts-focused community building activities  Establishes a safe classroom community in a variety of ways such as:  Classroom expectations are clear  Protocols provide a safe way to share teacher and peer feedback  Classroom community is safe for risk-taking  Models and leads students to be respectful of each others' artwork	Student evidence that may be observed today:  Students greet teacher at the door  Students demonstrate a confident, respectful, and positive rapport with the teacher  Students willingly form small groups with any/all students  Students respectfully participate in peer critiques and/or give feedback to the teacher  Students follow classroom rules and expectations  Students demonstrate personal responsibility
Comments:	

How does your classroom promote a culture of learning?

Indicator 2A: CREATES A RESPECTFUL CLASSROOM CULTURE OF TRUST, SAFETY AND HIGH EXPECTATIONS.

# **ii. ESTABLISHES A CULTURE OF LEARNING:** Engagement in complex cognitive tasks shows enthusiasm and effort; Students construct own knowledge; High expectations for all

Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked			lent evidence that may be
statement(s) apply:		obse	erved today:
_	Models life-long learning		Students enter and show
	Displays visual arts-focused information and materials around the		readiness for class
ı	room such as:		Students reference prior
	Word wall		knowledge
	Learning objectives		Students initiate learning
	Posters, images		opportunities such as projects
	Articulates high expectations for all students		Students physically and
	Clearly communicates learning targets that are rigorous, appropriate		verbally articulate what they
1	for the age of the students, reflective of visual arts standards, and		are learning
á	attainable through careful scaffolding		Students demonstrate initiative
	Allows for differentiation and a progression of challenge within the artistic process: create, present, respond, connect		when working independently or in small groups
	Creates opportunities for students to work as a full class, in small	П	Students work collaboratively
	groups, and/or independently during studio time		Students mentor peers
•	Goes beyond remembering and understanding in learning activities to		Students routinely reflect on
	require higher level thinking such as analyzing, critiquing, and		their work in journaling,
	synthesizing		reflective statements, and/or
	Draws attention to attributes of growth mindset such as student focus,		against a rubric to plan next
	effective strategies, effort, improvement, and persistence in		steps
	classroom work		Students confidently share
			their work with peers for
			feedback
			Students show academic,
			behavioral, cognitive, and
			affective engagement in
			learning
			Students adhere to deadlines
			Students are engaged and
			persistent in completing
			artwork
Comr	ments:		
Com	neno.		

How does your classroom promote a culture of learning?

Indicator 2A: CREATES A RESPECTFUL CLASSROOM CULTURE OF TRUST, SAFETY AND HIGH EXPECTATIONS.

## **iii. CREATES A CULTURE OF PERSISTENCE:** Students and teacher take responsibility for achieving learning targets; Support so students persevere

Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Draws attention to attributes of growth mindset such as student focus, exploration, effort, improvement, and persistence in classroom work  Models revision, practice, and persistence in teacher's own work  Gives feedback that is timely, specific, descriptive, and in multiple formats so students know what they do well, what needs improvement, and how to improve  Provides multiple opportunities for students to demonstrate understanding  Encourages students to develop discipline, focus, and persistence in creating art works	Student evidence that may be observed today:  Students engage in selfevaluation and critique  Students revise work based on feedback from the class, the teacher, or a peer  Students set personal goals related to artistic process (create, present, respond, connect) and show focus, effort, and persistence in meeting the goals
Comments:	

How do you manage your classroom?

Indicator 2B: ESTABLISHES AND MAINTAINS CLEAR EXPECTATIONS FOR CLASSROOM AND BEHAVIOR MANAGEMENT.

## i. ESTABLISHES AND MAINTAINS CLASSROOM ROUTINES AND PROCEDURES: Teacher and students set clear expectations for procedures, transitions, time on task

Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Establishes clear classroom procedures with students  Provides opportunities for students to contribute to the development of expectations for classroom behavior  Clearly articulates classroom procedures for recurring needs such as:  • Making efficient and purposeful transitions  • Re-teaching material from class to class  • Giving feedback to students  • Posting learning targets or objectives  • Reflecting with exit slips  Has materials and other resources for the lesson readily available	Student evidence that may be observed today:  Students follow agreed upon classroom routines and articulate reasons for specific procedures  Students conduct themselves in the art room with appropriate artist and audience etiquette  Students are engaged and persistent during the artmaking process  Students articulate their personal contribution and responsibility in group work
Comments:	

How do you manage your classroom?

Indicator 2B: ESTABLISHES AND MAINTAINS CLEAR EXPECTATIONS FOR CLASSROOM AND BEHAVIOR MANAGEMENT.

ii. MONITORS AND PROVIDES FEEDBACK ON STUDENT BEHAVIOR: Behavior feedback is constructive and timely; Positive behavior is acknowledge; Approaches to behavior are preventative, respectful to individual needs; Student responsibility for monitoring their own and peers' behavior

Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Models appropriate behavior criteria for individual and group work time  Provides verbal and non-verbal feedback in a timely manner to reinforce positive behavior and/or redirect undesired behavior  Regularly engages students to reflect on their own behavior in the art classroom  Models independent work and initiative to be able to meet project deadlines  Establishes communication with families	Student evidence that may be observed today:  Students recognize their personal contribution and responsibility in group projects  Students complete self-assessment on behavior  Students engage in self-reflection and modify behavior appropriately  Students monitor each other's behavior using the established criteria co-created in class  Students respond appropriately to feedback from teacher, class, or peer
Comments:	

**DOMAIN 3: CLASSROOM INSTRUCTION.** The teacher engages students in learning and utilizes instructional strategies that help students understand content.

How do you communicate content to students?

Indicator 3A: COMMUNICATES LEARNING TARGETS AND CONTENT CLEARLY AND EFFECTIVELY.

i. USES CONTENT KNOWLEDGE TO PROMOTE LEARNING: Emphasizes use of acquisition of concepts and skills, connections to other content and interdisciplinary learning; Content knowledge is culturally and contextually relevant and contributes to understanding and engagement; Appropriate use of arts-specific vocabulary

Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Demonstrates visual arts concepts, skills or techniques  Creates art with students when appropriate  Uses visual arts examples that are culturally relevant and meaningful for students  Makes connections between visual arts and other content areas  Models how visual literacy attributes are used to communicate messages that can be decoded (related to reading), constructed through art mediums (related to writing) and to empower a visually compelling communication  Makes connections between art forms  Incorporates historical or cultural context of works of art  Incorporates the role of visual arts in society, history, and culture  Uses visual art-specific vocabulary in discussion and feedback  Promotes visual arts as a means of communication, including sharing personal feelings, emotions, or stories  Encourages student's personal artistic voice by allowing for diverse student interests, background, and learning styles  Incorporates higher level thinking skills such as analyzing, critiquing, and synthesizing  Engages multiple learning modalities to demonstrate content  Redirects or amends the lesson in the moment in response to	Student evidence that may be observed today:  Students paint, draw, sculpt, design, etc.  Students demonstrate concepts and terminology  Students use visual arts vocabulary  Students explain historical or cultural context of visual arts  Students are able to articulate the messages communicated through visual arts  Students articulate broad application of visual arts outside of school  Students write or discuss reflections about visual artsmaking processes or completed works  Students generate artist statements
students' questions or needs  Comments:	

How do you communicate content to students?

### Indicator 3A: COMMUNICATES LEARNING TARGETS AND CONTENT CLEARLY AND EFFECTIVELY.

ii. COMMUNICATES LEARNING TARGETS AND CONTENT: Explanations are creative and connected to prior knowledge; Students explain content to peers; Directions are clear; Students may develop procedures when appropriate

Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Uses age appropriate and visual arts-specific vocabulary in learning targets  Introduces, references, or reviews learning targets  Posts or shares access to learning targets  Clearly articulates instructions for work as a full class, in small groups, or individually during studio time  Makes connections to prior learning	Student evidence that may be observed today:  Students are able to articulate and/or demonstrate learning targets  Students are able to follow instructions with minimal confusion  Students respond accordingly to instructions  Students articulate studio procedures of the visual arts medium  Students articulate their personal contributions to visual arts class  Students participate in feedback protocols  Students write artist statements that reflect the learning targets
Comments:	

What strategies do you use to engage students and promote their ownership of learning? Indicator 3B: FACILITATES ACTIVITIES AND DISCUSSIONS THAT PROMOTE HIGH COGNITIVE ENGAGEMENT.

i. USES INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES TO ENGAGE STUDENTS LEARNING: Instructional strategies engage students in rigorous and relevant learning, higher level thinking, inquiry; Provide options and choice; Differentiation in instruction and activities; Multiple opportunities to practice apply, show learning

Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:			dent evidence that may be erved today:
	ocess: create, present, respond,		Students routinely use <u>visual</u>
connect	, р. 222, т. 22 р. 22		arts-specific vocabulary in
☐ Incorporates <u>higher level think</u>	ing skills such as analyzing, critiquing,		reference to the work at hand
and synthesizing			Students effectively use the
Uses instructional strategies the	nat engage students in rigorous visual		tools and techniques
arts learning such as:			necessary to complete their
<ul> <li>Direct instruction</li> </ul>			visual arts projects
<ul> <li>Modeling</li> </ul>			Students analyze their own
<ul> <li>Visual Thinking Strategies</li> </ul>	<u>s</u>		work both in its development
<ul> <li>Predicting</li> </ul>			and completion
<ul> <li>Graphic organizers</li> </ul>		Ш	Students present in-depth research findings on a specific
• <u>Think-pair-share</u> or work	with elbow partners		topic, genre, or period of visual
Formative assessment			arts
• Exit slips	and account differentiate dilements a in		Students show academic,
_	nat support differentiated learning in		behavioral, cognitive, and
visual arts such as:  • Student choice			affective engagement in
La analana anatana			learning
0 1 11			Students reflect on their own
<ul><li>Goal setting</li><li>Individual conferencing</li></ul>			thinking
_	r activities that are culturally relevant		
and meaningful for students su			
Know/Want/Learn (KWL)			
• Inquiry			
Reflection/response			
<ul> <li>Peer collaboration</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Connecting to other conte</li> </ul>	ent areas		
Guest artists			
<ul> <li>Learning contracts</li> </ul>			
☐ Provides opportunities to work	as a whole class, in small groups,		
and/or independently during st			
	ck protocols to engage students in		
learning			
Comments:			

What strategies do you use to engage students and promote their ownership of learning? Indicator 3B: FACILITATES ACTIVITIES AND DISCUSSIONS THAT PROMOTE HIGH COGNITIVE ENGAGEMENT.

**ii. USES QUESTIONING AND DISCUSSION TECHNIQUES:** Range of questions; Discussions elicit evidence of cognitive engagement; Addresses mistakes; All students accountable to answer questions; Fosters discussions where students initiate, participate, lead

Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Creates a safe space for students to ask questions  Creates protocols to engage students in discussion so they know how and when to contribute, such as chalk talk, role playing, circle of viewpoints, "I used to think now I think," and headlines  Uses artistic protocols such as Critical Response or Visual Thinking Strategies as a basis for small group and/or full class discussions  Facilitates the discover and development of connections:  Art to art  Art to world  Art to other curricular areas  Incorporates feedback and reflection protocols  Poses discussion questions about artistic intent to individuals or small groups  Uses a variety of questioning strategies such as:  Open-ended questions  Questions with more than one answer, or unknown answers  Encouraging students to add to a previous response  Asking follow-up questions to expand on a previous comment  Uses strategies that engage all students in answering questions focused on the respond artistic process such as think-pair-share, elbow partners, padlet.com, KWL, reflection, choice, peer collaboration, small group work  Models metacognition/reflective practice for students  Addresses mistakes in ways that help students maintain self-confidence	Student evidence that may be observed today:  Students critique each others' works using the vocabulary of visual arts  Students infer meaning from visual arts creations of their peers and others, and share their interpretations with others  Students participate in feedback protocols and critique peer progress  Students listen and respond to their classmates' questions  Students ask clarifying questions  Students use evidence or personal experience to justify answers  Students lead discussions
Comments:	

What strategies do you use to engage students and promote their ownership of learning? Indicator 3B: FACILITATES ACTIVITIES AND DISCUSSIONS THAT PROMOTE HIGH COGNITIVE ENGAGEMENT.

iii. USES APPROPRIATE PACING AND STRUCTURE: Lesson structure and pacing support lesson goals; Opportunities for engagement and reflection; All have opportunities to experience success throughout lesson

•	Student evidence that may be observed today:  Students adhere to deadlines  Students can explain the overall structure or routine of the class  Students participate in warm-up activities  Students self-advocate such as asking for additional time to complete their artwork
Comments:	

How do you utilize student data to advance each student's learning? Indicator 3C: USES VARIED ASSESSMENT TECHNIQUES TO ADVANCE STUDENT LEARNING.			
i. USES FORMATIVE ASSESSMENTS TO INFORM INSTRUCTION  monitor learning and adjust instruction	ON: Uses formative assessment to		
Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checker statement(s) apply:  Gathers formative data on student work in artistic process using strategies such as:  Observation  Exit slips  Video or audio recording  Uses data from student work and process journals/reflections to play subsequent lessons, tasks, and/or studio focus  Makes adjustments during the class based on individual or class data	observed today:  Students participate in formative assessment activities such as class discussion, feedback protocols, or self-assessments  Students are able to make needed adjustments to their		
Comments:			
How do you utilize student data to advance each student's learning? Indicator 3C: USES VARIED ASSESSMENT TECHNIQUES TO ADVA	NCE STUDENT LEARNING.		
ii. PROVIDES FEEDBACK TO ADVANCE LEARNING: Teacher for level thinking; Peer feedback promotes learning	eedback is timely and promotes higher		
Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Provides timely verbal and written feedback to individual students on their work  Provides timely, descriptive feedback to individual students to inform next steps in their work  Leads students through formative reflection and evaluation of each other's work  Facilitates a conversation using Warm and Cool Feedback  Protocol	Student evidence that may be observed today:  Students make changes in response to verbal or nonverbal feedback  Students adjust creative practice in the moment based on feedback  Students adjust creative practice both in the moment and as part of the revision process  Students participate in feedback protocols		
Comments:			

How do you utilize student data to advance each student's learning?

Indicator 3C: USES VARIED ASSESSMENT TECHNIQUES TO ADVANCE STUDENT LEARNING.

**iii. PROMOTES STUDENT SELF-ASSESSMENT:** Students monitor own work against established criteria; Opportunities for ongoing revisions

Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Promotes a culture of continuous refinement when creating art Promotes a culture where individuals routinely critique, form opinions, and interpret meaning in works of art Promotes individual and collaborative reflection on a final piece of art, so the thoughts can be carried forward to other works of art Supports students in setting individual goals and timelines related to artistic process: create, present, respond, connect Introduces a variety of student self-assessment opportunities to acknowledge student ability or level Provides the summative checklist or rubric for students to use in formative self-assessment at various milestones toward completion of the work Provides an exemplar for students to reference in formative self-assessment Allocates time for students to revise their work based on feedback prior to final submission Provides reflective journal prompts Collects student data and provides opportunities for students to analyze it and discover their own progress	Student evidence that may be observed today:  Students participate in self-assessment  Students contribute criteria for self-assessment activities  Students self-assess their ability to show visual arts concepts  Students articulate and/or demonstrate what they feel are the best elements of their visual art works and what elements need refinement
Comments:	

**DOMAIN 4: PROFESSIONALISM.** The teacher participates in on-going professional development activities and collaboration with colleagues and families to advance learning for teachers and students.

How do you reflect on your teaching? Indicator 4A: REFLECTS ON TEACHING PRACTICE.		
<ul> <li>USES SELF-REFLECTION TO IMPROVE INSTRUCTION: Assesses own effectiveness using student data; Identifies areas of strength, areas for growth</li> </ul>		
Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Reflects on video of the lesson, student artifacts (such as sketchbooks, journals, artistic works, critiques), observations, and/or data to inform and modify instruction  Examines student creative work, student self-evaluations, or testing data to inform future planning  Is mindful of personal aesthetics and how this influences or impacts pedagogy, curriculum, activities  Understands their own relationship to student success  Identifies areas of strength in teaching practices, identifies areas needing improvement in teaching practices, and sets personal goals for professional growth  Analyzes own gaps in ability, knowledge, skills, and interests as they relate to teaching visual arts, and sets personal goals for growth		
Comments:		
How do you reflect on your teaching? Indicator 4A: REFLECTS ON TEACHING PRACTICE.		
Indicator 4A: REFLECTS ON TEACHING PRACTICE.  ii. USES FEEDBACK TO IMPROVE INSTRUCTION: Seeks feedback from colleagues, administration,		

How do you reflect on your teaching? Indicator 4A: REFLECTS ON TEACHING PRACTICE.		
iii. PLANS FOR PROFESSIONAL GROWTH: Uses reflection and feedback to plan and implement action plan in professional growth		
Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  ☐ Reflects on strengths and weaknesses in students' artistic process (create, present, respond, connect) and uses information to create an action plan for personal professional growth  ☐ Uses feedback from colleagues, administrators, students, and/or families to create an action plan for professional growth  ☐ Reads and reflects on information in a personalized learning network such as professional journals, conferences, blogs and other sources to plan for professional growth, both in visual arts-related areas and in pedagogy		
Comments:		
How do you continue to improve your practice? Indicator 4B: ENGAGES IN PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT.  i. PARTICIPATES IN PROFESSIONAL GROWTH: Engages in relevant professional learning that results		
in increased achievement		
Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Engages in visual arts and related arts areas outside of school  Seeks out appropriate visual arts resources for professional development		
<ul> <li>☐ Is knowledgeable about the local, state, regional, national, and/or international visual arts community</li> <li>☐ Learns from guest artists-in-residence</li> <li>☐ Participates in visual arts professional organizations</li> </ul>		
Seeks additional professional development in visual arts specializations that need additional support and training such as clay, graphic design, photography, textiles, drawing, painting, sculpture		
☐ Seeks additional professional development in visual arts technologies such as software, hardware, online collaborative tools, online course/learning management systems		
<ul> <li>☐ Attends or participates in visual arts-related opportunities in the community</li> <li>☐ Follows professional journals and blogs</li> <li>☐ Participates in a visual arts-related Professional Learning Community (PLC) or Q Comp</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Engages in cross-content experience and connects learning to teaching practice</li> <li>Collaborates with other visual arts professionals in professional development, online communities, and</li> </ul>		
webinars  ☐ Draws connections gained in ongoing professional development to increased student learning ☐ Attends staff meetings		
Participates in building and district professional development		
Comments:		

How do you continue to improve your practice? Indicator 4B: ENGAGES IN PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT. ii. COLLABORATES WITH COLLEAGUES REGARDING STUDENT LEARNING: Collaborates to increase learning by analyzing data, setting goals, designing common assessments, and analyzing work Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply: ☐ Engages in a Professional Learning Community of visual arts educators to assess, analyze, share best practices, and monitor growth in students' achievement Collaborates with teachers in other content areas to develop an interdisciplinary or arts integrated unit Recognizes positive gains in student achievement as a result of collaboration with colleagues or community stakeholders Examines student data and progress with colleagues to determine future programming ☐ Participates in IEP meetings when appropriate Collaborates with teachers outside the discipline to support student success Participates in conversations about individual students in broader planning for the department and/or the school Comments: How do you continue to improve your practice? Indicator 4B: ENGAGES IN PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT. iii. CONTRIBUTES TO SCHOOL AND DISTRICT CULTURE OF LEARNING: Contributes to school, district, community culture of learning Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply: Contributes to the overall school community beyond the visual arts classroom by participating in school-wide

iii. CONTRIBUTES TO SCHOOL AND DISTRICT CULTURE OF LEARNING: Contributes to school, district, community culture of learning

Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:

Contributes to the overall school community beyond the visual arts classroom by participating in school-wide activities

Seeks to build connections with colleagues across the school and across content areas

Takes a leadership role in the school through mentoring, curriculum writing, or participating in committees, such as scheduling, staff development or equity team

Serves on district-level committees, including ones that are visual arts-specific

Contributes to district or school-wide initiatives such as an exhibition of student visual arts work

Describes and advocates for the whole child; for the unique characteristics of learning in an arts classroom

Participates in PLC or Q Comp program

Provides students with opportunities to connect with the field of visual arts outside of school

Comments:

VISUAL ARTS 26

How do you conduct yourself as a professional?

### Indicator 4C: MAINTAINS PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND COMMUNICATES WITH FAMILIES.

conduct
Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Models and discusses adherence to copyright laws, fair use, and plagiarism  Follows school/district protocols for public exhibition of student work including media release, and distribution considerations  Works with school personnel to resolve issues for students when a conflict arises  Refers student concerns to appropriate school staff such as guidance counselor, social worker, or mental health case worker  Reports issues of misconduct to appropriate school authorities  Complies with mandatory reporting  Follows data privacy laws  Develops and shares grading rubrics with stakeholders to ensure transparency
Comments:
How do you conduct yourself as a professional? Indicator 4C: MAINTAINS PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND COMMUNICATES WITH FAMILIES.
ii. MAINTAINS ACCURATE RECORDS: Record system is accurate, complete, timely, and consistent
Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Maintains accurate records of school equipment and resources used in the visual arts classroom  Maintains up-to-date department budget and student fundraising/activity accounts, and abides by district protocols for handling funds  Maintains virtual space in learning management system so that lessons and resources are easy to use  Documents and tracks observations of student work  Takes attendance in a timely manner  Maintains internet-based grading system in a timely manner  Documents communication with stakeholders  Maintains a classroom website with up-to-date information
Comments:

**VISUAL ARTS** 27 How do you conduct yourself as a professional?

Indicator 4C: MAINTAINS PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND COMMUNICATES WITH FAMILIES.

**iii. COMPLETES TASKS IN AN ORGANIZED AND EFFICIENT MANNER:** Required and/or routine tasks completed in efficient, organized way

Tea	cher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply:  Follows school policies for care and maintenance of classroom equipment and supplies  Develops and maintains a check-out system for students to borrow school resources  Follows the field trip policy and procedures when planning field trips in the community  Respects general school deadlines, as well as additional deadlines in arts-related planning such as purchasing of resources or equipment, securing exhibit spaces, or paying guest artists
	Submits lesson plans or curriculum map to relevant district administration
	Manages classroom needs efficiently and effectively
	Arrives prepared for class with appropriate materials
	Is prepared for parent-teacher conferences
	Develops a policy for tracking student work and make-up work that is in line with school expectations
	Uses online resources such as Google Docs to maintain records and organize class data
Con	ments:

How do you conduct yourself as a professional? Indicator 4C: MAINTAINS PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND COMMUNICATES WITH FAMILIES. iv. COMMUNICATES WITH FAMILIES: Initiates positive, appropriate, two-way interaction with families Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply: Disseminates information about student exhibitions, opportunities, and events multiple times, in various formats, and in a timely manner ☐ Maintains a classroom website with accurate information Maintains the internet-based grading system in a timely manner Provides a course syllabus as appropriate Attends parent meetings such as PTO, graduation committee, family nights, community nights Documents communication with stakeholders such as personal notes, email messages, voicemail Comments: How do you conduct yourself as a professional? Indicator 4C: MAINTAINS PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND COMMUNICATES WITH FAMILIES. v. UNDERSTANDS THE CULTURAL AND LINGUISTIC BACKGROUNDS OF STUDENTS, THEIR FAMILIES AND THE COMMUNITY: Seeks/leads experiences to understand students' home language and culture; adapts instruction based on this Teacher evidence could include various elements, and today the checked statement(s) apply: ☐ Seeks to understand students' culture and how it intersects with their work in visual arts Adjusts pedagogy to accommodate the language and cultural needs of the classroom Participates in professional development in areas such as LGBTQ, trauma-informed, immigrant communities, or academic equity to better understand and support all students ☐ Uses inclusive language in the classroom Provides opportunities for students to experience visual art work from various cultures through artistic process: create, present, respond, connect Includes community-building activities to develop student rapport ☐ Incorporates visual imagery in the classroom reflecting student identity and demographics Accommodates family schedules as needed to ensure student needs are met Comments: